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## GR1311-A Audio Oscillator

Form 1311-0100-G



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## SPECIFICATIONS

### FREQUENCY

**Range:** 1311-A, 50 Hz to 10 kHz. Eleven fixed frequencies, 50, 60, 100, 120, 200, 400, and 500 Hz, 1, 2, 5, and 10 kHz. One other frequency can be added at an unused switch position, a  $\Delta f$  control provides  $\pm 2\%$  continuous adjustment.

**Accuracy:**  $\pm 1\%$  of setting with  $\Delta f$  control at zero.

**Stability** (typical at 1 kHz): Warmup drift, 0.3%. After warmup: 0.008% short term (10 min), 0.02% long term (12 h).

**Synchronization:** Frequency can be locked to external signal. Lock range  $\pm 3\%$  per volt rms up to 10 V. The  $\Delta f$  control functions as phase adjustment.

### OUTPUT

**Voltage:** Continuously adjustable from 0 to 1, 3, 10, 30, or 100 V open circuit ( $E_o$ ).

**Power:**  $>1.0$  W into matched load,  $>0.5$  W into any resistive load between 80 m $\Omega$  and 8 k $\Omega$ .

**Current:** Continuously adjustable from 0 to 40, 130, 400, 1300, or 4000 mA, into approx short circuit ( $I_o$ ).

**Impedance:** One to three times  $\frac{E_o}{I_o}$ , depending on output amplitude. Output isolated from ground.

**Distortion:**  $<0.5\%$  with any linear load. Oscillator will drive a short circuit without clipping.

**Hum:**  $<0.01\%$ , independent of output setting.

**Synchronization:** Constant-amplitude (1-V), high-impedance (4.7-k $\Omega$ ) output to drive counter or oscilloscope.

### GENERAL

**Power Required:** 105 to 125 or 210 to 250 V, 50 to 400 Hz, 30 W.

**Terminals:** Output, GR 938 Binding Posts and ground terminal with shorting link; sync, side-panel telephone jack.

**Accessories Supplied:** Power cord, spare fuses.

**Accessories Available:** Adaptor cable 1560-P95 (telephone plug to double plug), rack-adaptor set.

**Mounting:** Convertible-bench cabinet.

**Dimensions** (width x height x depth): 8 x 6 x 7 $\frac{3}{4}$  in. (205 x 155 x 200 mm).

**Weight:** Net, 6 lb (2.8 kg); shipping, 9 lb (4.1 kg).

Catalog Number	Description
1311-9701	<b>1311-A Audio Oscillator</b>
1311-9702	for 115-V for 230-V
1560-9695	<b>1560-P95 Adaptor Cable</b>
0480-9838	<b>480-P308 Rack-Adaptor Set</b>

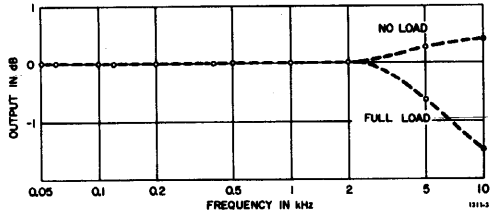


Figure A. Output of Type 1311 as a function of frequency, loaded and unloaded (typical).

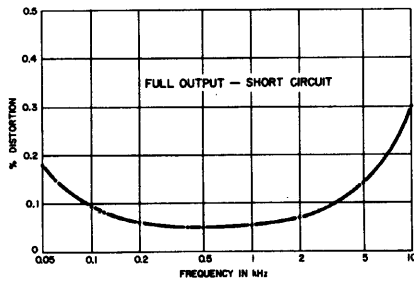
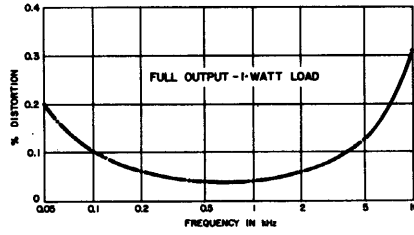
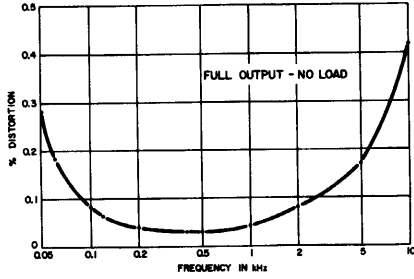


Figure B. Distortion characteristics of Type 1311 as functions of frequency and load (typical).

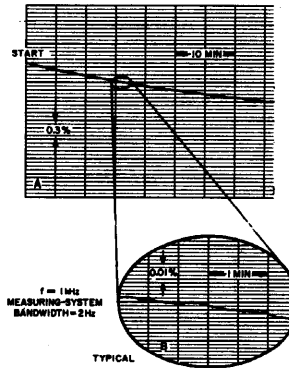


Figure C. Typical output amplitude stability of the oscillator, showing warmup drift (A) and short-term variation (B).

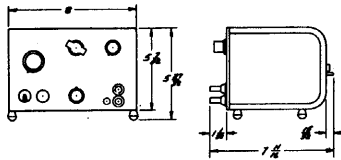


Figure D. Dimensions of the Type 1311.

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# Introduction—Section 1

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## **1.1 PURPOSE.**

### **1.1.1 General.**

The Type 1311 oscillators are complete, compact, and self-contained audio-frequency sources. The Type 1311-A (Figure 1-1) is intended for general laboratory use, and is particularly well suited for use in audio-frequency bridge measurements. Each oscillator produces an essentially pure sinusoidal output, stable in amplitude and frequency, over a wide range of load impedances, at selected frequencies. The Type 1311-A has eleven fixed frequencies and provision for a twelfth, which the user can readily add by installing two precision resistors.

### **1.1.2 The Type 1311 As Audiometric Oscillator.**

The Type 1311 is capable of being used for calibration and testing of audiometric equipment. It will be especially useful for calibration of audiometric earphones, in conjunction with the Types 1933 and 1565 Sound Level Meters, (or the Type 1564 Sound and Vibration Analyzer), the Type 1560-P5 or -P6 (or the Type 1560-P3 or -P4) Piezoelectric Ceramic Microphone, and the Type 1560-P82 (or -P81) Earphone Coupler. The frequencies available from the Type 1311 include most of those commonly used as audiometric test frequencies. Refer to para. 5.8.2 for details on adding a 12th frequency.

## **1.2 DESCRIPTION.**

### **1.2.1 General.**

The Type 1311 is a transistorized RC Oscillator, which makes extensive use of negative feedback to attain amplitude and frequency stability of a high order,

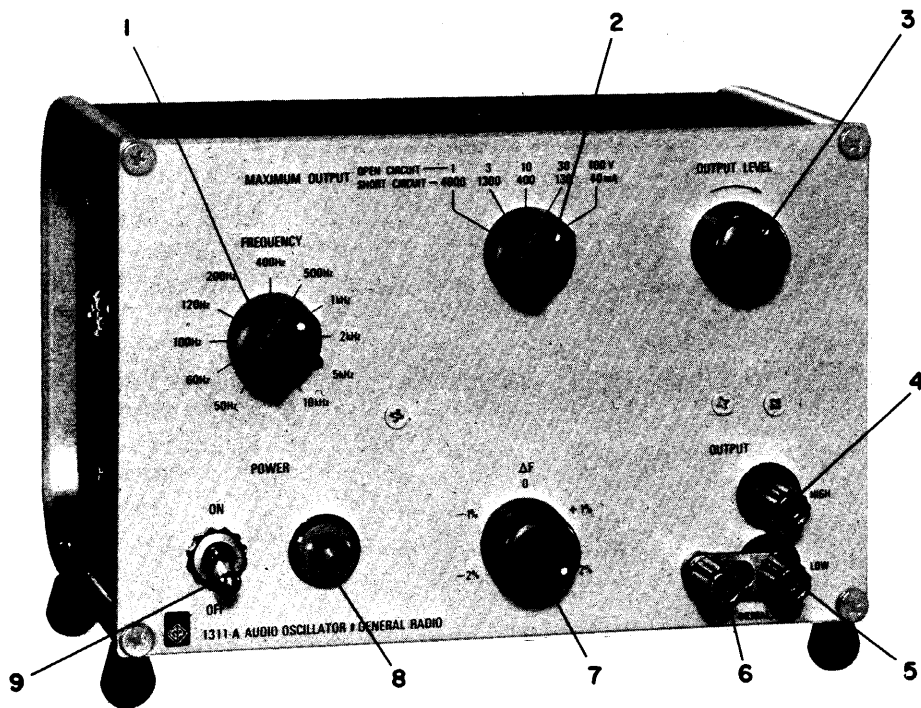


Figure 1-1. Type 1311-A Audio Oscillator.

as well as long-term reliability. The output system uses a multitap shielded transformer capable of matching impedances from 0.25 to 2500 ohms. It is well isolated from the oscillator circuitry to provide a distortion-free waveform to any impedance, including a short circuit.

The instrument is ac powered and uses a regulated solid-state power-supply circuit to provide stable dc to all stages over a wide range of power demands. Operation at ac inputs of 115 or 230 volts can be achieved by selection of appropriate taps on the input winding of the primary power transformer.

The Type 1311 is designed for bench use but can conveniently and inexpensively be altered for rack mounting by the addition of the General Radio Type 480-P308 Adaptor Plate Set (Catalog No. 0480-9838).

### 1.2.2 Controls.

Front panel controls are listed and described in Table 1-1.

**TABLE 1-1  
CONTROLS AND INDICATORS**

Ref (Fig. 1-1)	Ref Desig	Name	Type	Function
1	S101	FREQUENCY	12-position rotary switch	Selects output frequency.
2	S102	MAXIMUM OUTPUT	5-position rotary switch	Selects output transformer tap.
3	R139	OUTPUT LEVEL	Linear potentiometer	Adjusts output level.
7	R138	$\Delta F$	Linear potentiometer	Adjusts output frequency $\pm 2\%$ about nominal.
9	S501	POWER	Toggle switch	Turns instrument on or off.
8	P501	None	Light	Glowes when primary power on.

### 1.2.3 Connectors.

Connectors provided on the Type 1311 are listed and described in Table 1-2.

**TABLE 1-2  
CONNECTORS**

Ref (Fig. 1-1)	Ref Desig	Name	Type	Function
4-6	J101 thru J103	OUTPUT	Jack-top binding posts (GR Type 938)	Output terminals and ground.
	PL501	None	3-prong plug	Power input terminal.
	J104	None	Telephone	External Sync input

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# Installation—Section 2

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## 2.1 GENERAL.

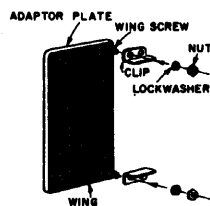
The Type 1311-A Audio Oscillator, as supplied, is intended for independent bench use. However, it may be adapted to rack mounting, either independently or in combination with a similarly sized instrument, such as the General Radio Type 1232-A, -AP Tuned Amplifier and Null Detector. This assembly, Type 1240-A, -AP Bridge Oscillator-Detector is convenient for use with audio-frequency bridges and other null-balance devices.

## 2.2 RACK MOUNTING.

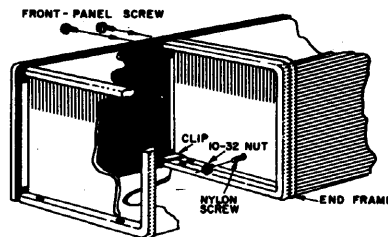
### 2.2.1 Rack Converting The Type 1311.

The Type 1311 Oscillator can be rack-mounted by itself in a standard 19-inch relay rack by means of Relay Rack Adaptor Set, Catalog Number 0480-9838, or with another convertible-bench instrument by means of Relay Rack Adaptor Set, Catalog Number 0480-9836. To attach the adaptor sets, proceed as follows (see Figure 2-1):

- a. Remove the rubber feet, if necessary to clear an instrument below.
- b. Remove the screws that secure the front panel to the aluminum end frames.
- c. Remove the spacers between the front panel and the end frames. If two instruments are to be mounted side by side, join them as follows: (otherwise proceed to step f):
- d. On one instrument, install clips with the front-panel screws removed earlier. Remove the cover of this instrument and thread the nylon screw through the hole in the side panel on the same side as the clips.



*Figure 2-1a. Rack adapting the Type 1311.*



*Figure 2-1b. The Type 1240.*

- e. Secure the two instruments together with front-panel screws through the remaining hole in each clip. Remove the cover of the second instrument, thread the nut onto the nylon screw, and tighten. Note that the instruments can be bench-mounted side by side in this manner. Simply do not remove the two feet from each outside end frame and do not install the adaptor plates.
- f. Install two clips on each adaptor plate with the wing screws, lockwashers, and nuts supplied.
- g. Attach the adaptor plates to the instrument with the front-panel screws removed earlier.
- h. Mount the assembly in the rack with the 10-32 screws supplied.

### **2.2.2 Mounting The Type 1620-A, -AP.**

The Type 1311 oscillator is an integral part of the Type 1620-A, -AP Capacitance-Measuring Assembly. To assemble a Type 1620-AP, a Type 1232 Detector, Type 1232-P2 Preamplifier, Type 1615 Bridge, Type 4177-1621 System Cabinet and Type 1620-A, a Type 1232 Detector, Type 1615 Bridge, Type 4177-1620 System Cabinet and Type 1620-A hardware set are needed. Proceed as follows:

- a. Follow steps a through e in paragraph 2.2.1 for a 1620-A installation, or steps a through l of the Type 1240-AP assembly procedure in the Type 1232-P2 Instruction Manual, for a 1620-AP installation.
- b. Insert the "ears" of the mounting plates included in the Type 1620-A or -AP hardware set in the spaces between the front panels and the end frames of the Type 1311 and Type 1232.
- c. Replace all remaining front panel screws.
- d. Mount the Type 1615 in the lower part of the system cabinet using eight panel screws with natural Nylon cup washers.
- e. Mount the 1311-1232 combination in the upper portion of the cabinet using four panel screws with Nylon cup washers.

## **2.3 POWER INPUT.**

### **2.3.1 Normal Operation.**

The instrument is fitted with a power-connector that is in conformance with the International Electrotechnical Commission publication 320. The 3 flat contacts are surrounded by a cylindrical plastic shroud that eliminates the possibility of electrical shock whenever the power cord is being unplugged from the instrument. In addition, the center ground pin is longer, which means that it mates first and disconnects last, ensuring greater user protection from electric shock.

The panel connector is a standard 3-pin grounding -type, the design of which has been accepted world wide for electronic instrumentation, and is rated for 250 V at 6A. It also meets requirements of Underwriter's Laboratories in the



U.S. and the Canadian Standards Association. The receptacle accepts power cords fitted with the Belden type SPH-386 connector.

The associated power cord is GR part no. 4200-9625. It is a 7-ft, 3-wire, 18-gauge unit with connector bodies molded integrally with the jacket. The connector at the power-line end is a stackable hammerhead design that conforms to the "Standard for Grounding Type Attachment Plug Caps and Receptacles," ANSI C73.11-1963.

The power cord supplied should be attached to PL501 on the rear panel and plugged into a standard grounding-type power receptacle providing 105-125 volts at 50 to 400 Hz.

### **2.3.2 Higher Voltage.**

The instrument may be operated at ac inputs from 210 to 250 volts, provided that minor wiring and fuse changes described in Section 5 have been performed.

## **2.4 OUTPUT FREQUENCY CHANGE.**

To add a 12th audio output frequency (Type 1311 only), or to change any of the existing fixed frequencies, resistor pairs in the Wein-bridge circuit may be installed, or replaced, as described in Section 5.

## **2.5 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS.**

### **2.5.1 Temperature.**

The Type 1311 will operate within specifications over an ambient temperature range of 0 to 50 C. It is not affected by humidity.

### **2.5.2 External Fields.**

Since the Type 1311 is often mounted with the sensitive Type 1232-A Null Detector, stray magnetic and electrostatic fields should be kept to a minimum by suitable shielding, and orientation of signal leads. A wire loop is included (internally) near the output terminals to cancel the magnetic field resulting from the 3/4-inch spacing of the output terminals, and will prevent magnetic pickup in the adjacent null detector, even at high current levels, if a General Radio Type 274-MB Shielded Output Cable is used. Alternatively, the Type 1311 can be mounted at the right-hand side of the Type 1232-A, to place the output circuit as far as possible from the detector input terminals.

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# Operating Procedure—Section 3

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## **3.1 PREPARATION FOR USE.**

### **3.1.1 Power Connections.**

Connect the Type 1311 to a suitable source of power as indicated on the plate above the power receptacle on the rear panel.

### **3.1.2 Grounding.**

The instrument should normally be operated with the chassis grounded through the three-wire power cord. If the cord is not used, make the ground connection at J103 (6, Figure 1-1) on the front panel, if required.

### **3.1.3 Output Connection.**

Take the oscillator output from the jack-top binding post pair J101 — J102 (4 and 5, Figure 1-1). J101 is always used above ground, but J102 may be grounded or ungrounded, depending on the requirements of the test setup in use. A captive shorting-link affixed to J103 may be attached to J102, if it is desired to work one side of the output against ground. However, if ground loops pose a problem, disconnect the shorting link from J102 to achieve a completely isolated "floating" output.

### **3.1.4 Output-Shielding Accessories.**

In applications in which stray pickup is apt to be troublesome, use of a shielded patch cord is suggested. The General Radio Type 274-NL Patch Cord, a polarized 3-foot shielded cable with a shielded double plug at each end, is available for this purpose.

## **3.2 OPERATING PROCEDURE.**

### **3.2.1 Turn-On.**

Place the POWER switch (9, Figure 1-1) in up position; the lamp immediately to the right should glow.

#### NOTE

No extensive warm-up time is required; a few seconds is sufficient.

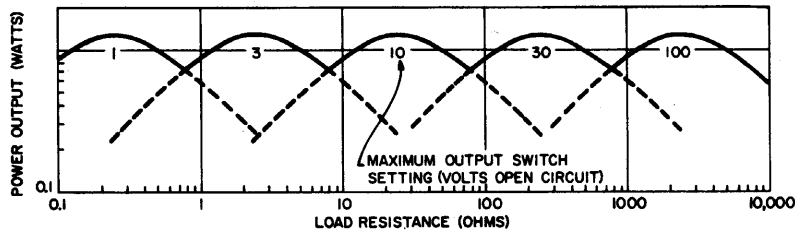
### 3.2.2 Frequency Selection.

Set the FREQUENCY switch (1, Figure 1-1) to the desired frequency. Use the  $\Delta F$  control (7, Figure 1-1) to adjust the selected frequency over a range of approximately  $\pm 2\%$  of nominal. The frequency of the output waveform is within  $\pm 1\%$  of the panel engraving, with the  $\Delta F$  control set at 0. For greater precision monitor the output with a counter, such as the General Radio Type 1191 counter.

### 3.2.3 Power Selection.

Set the MAXIMUM OUTPUT switch (2, Figure 1-1) to a value in volts or milliamperes (as screened on the front panel) that is slightly greater than the amplitude of the voltage or current desired. Then, rotate the OUTPUT control (3, Figure 1-1) to make the fine adjustment. The OUTPUT control sets the output at zero in its fully counterclockwise position, and rotated to its fully clockwise position provides a continuous linear increase up to the value of the MAXIMUM OUTPUT control setting.

The maximum power output is approximately 1.1 watt, so that bridges with 1-watt ratio arms, such as most General Radio bridges, can not be damaged by overload. At least 0.58 watt of signal power can be supplied to any load between 80 milliohms and 8 kilohms, with the appropriate setting of the output switch. See Figure 3-1 for a plot of these values.



*Figure 3-1. Typical power output as a function of load resistance.*

### 3.2.4 Impedance Matching.

Any setting of the output controls can be used with any load impedance without overloading the oscillator circuits. Even with a short circuit across the output terminals, the oscillator will still supply a sinusoidal current of the value indicated by the MAXIMUM OUTPUT control. This feature is particularly convenient when the oscillator is used as a source for ac bridge measurements, since it means that the output controls can be set to any position, and the waveform will not be distorted by mismatching.

The output winding is shielded from the oscillator circuits and may be used ungrounded, or grounded at a remote point. The latter procedure is recommended when the oscillator is used in bridge measurements, to eliminate circulating ground currents, which can cause errors.

The nominal source resistance is a function of the transformer tap selected by the MAXIMUM OUTPUT control setting and the position of the OUTPUT control. Figure 3-2 shows the relationship.

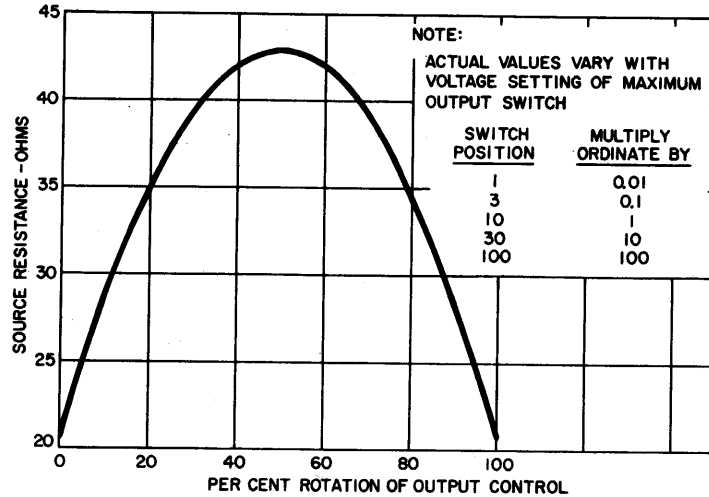


Figure 3-2. Source resistance as a function of output control settings.

### 3.2.5 Frequency Synchronization.

A telephone jack (J104) on the left side wall of the cabinet is provided to permit injection of an external standard frequency to control the output frequency of the Type 1311. This is particularly useful to drive the Type 1615-A Capacitance Bridge when making precise measurements of frequency-sensitive parameters such as dissipation factor. A 1-volt signal will result in a locking range of approximately  $\pm 3\%$ . For larger synchronizing signals, a resistor should be added in series with the signal lead. Use the following equation to calculate the value of the resistor required.

$$R \text{ (in kilohms)} \approx 5 (\text{Sync Volts} - 1)$$

The dc voltage on the reference signal should not exceed +50 volts. For additional information on synchronization, write for Instrument Note 109.

The 1-watt amplifier and matching transformer of the 1311-A can be driven by any of the 1300 oscillator series between 50 and 10,000 Hz. Set the 1311-A's FREQUENCY switch to the blank position and plug the external oscillator into the sync jack.

# Principles of Operation—Section 4

## 4.1 GENERAL.

The Type 1311-A Audio Oscillators use a Wien-type network and a closed-loop, transistor-amplifier circuit to obtain a stable yet inexpensive signal source which will satisfy many oscillator requirements in the audio-frequency spectrum. See Figure 4-1 for a simplified diagram and Figure 5-2 for the complete schematic.

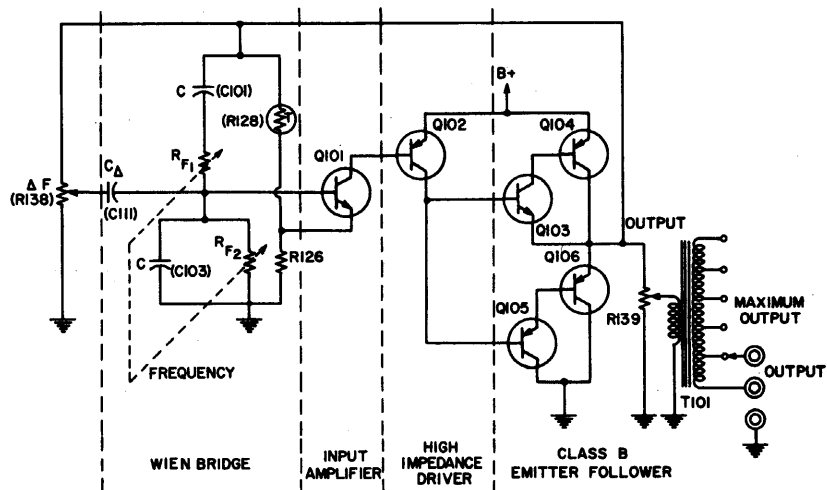


Figure 4-1. Simplified schematic diagram.

## 4.2 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION.

### 4.2.1 Frequency-Determining Network.

The Wien-bridge circuit can be thought of as consisting of two parts: a frequency-determining network (C101, C103 and paired resistors  $R_{F1}$ ,  $R_{F2}$ ), which provides positive feedback to sustain oscillation, and a resistive divider (R128 and R126) which provides negative feedback to stabilize amplitude.

The frequency-determining network has a transfer function:

$$\frac{e_{OUT}}{e_{IN}} = \frac{RCs}{1 + 3RCs + R^2C^2s^2}$$

where

$$s = j2\pi f$$
$$R = R_{F1} = R_{F2}$$
$$C = C101 = C103$$

At some oscillator frequency,  $f_0$ , this function equals +1/3. The frequency is determined by any of 11 pairs of precision metal-film resistors,  $R_{F1}$ ,  $R_{F2}$ , selected by the FREQUENCY switch. With this circuit, frequency can be adjusted over a 200-to-1 range simply by changes in resistors. The frequency vernier adjustment,  $\Delta F$ , is potentiometer R138, which controls the signal voltage on C $\Delta$  (C111), one of the capacitors in the network.

The resistive divider is used to set the gain of the associated amplifier chain to +3. The net loop gain is then +1 and the circuit oscillates at the frequency  $f_0$ .

A small bead thermistor, R128, automatically adjusts its resistance to the value needed to maintain oscillations. Its time constant is short enough to provide rapid correction for amplitude variations, yet long enough to cause little distortion at the lower frequencies. It operates at a high temperature, in an evacuated bulb, to minimize the effects of ambient temperature. This thermistor, used with the high-stability, low-noise amplifier described below, results in an oscillator with amplitude (modulation) noise typically less than 0.01% rms.

#### 4.2.2 Amplifier.

The amplifier uses six transistors in a single, direct-coupled feedback loop. The input circuit is chosen for low-noise performance. Transistor Q102 provides a high-impedance drive for the class-B output stage, and achieves a minimum of crossover distortion, yet does not require complicated, temperature-sensitive biasing networks. Negative feedback is used to obtain a transfer characteristic which is substantially independent of transistor characteristics, resulting in excellent stability, low distortion, and long-term reliability. Components R132, C107, and C108 comprise a phase-compensation network used to maintain high-frequency stability in view of the large amount of negative feedback involved.

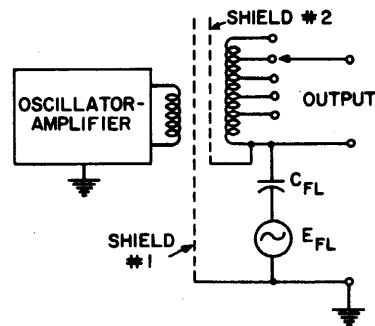
The input impedance of the amplifier is approximately 10 megohms. The output impedance is approximately 0.005 ohm, so that changes in load have very little effect on the oscillator.

#### 4.2.3 Output Transformer.

The winding resistance of the output transformer, T101, isolates the oscillator from the load and ensures that the output waveform will not be clipped under any load condition. The output winding is tapped to provide five switch-selectable, output-voltage ranges to match a wide variety of load requirements.

The output winding is doubly shielded from the oscillator circuits for isolation, when the output is used off ground (floating). A simplified schematic diagram of the output circuit is shown in Figure 4-2.

The second shield is used to minimize possible current flow through the distributed capacitance,  $C_{FL}$  ( $\approx 500\text{pf}$ ), thence through an external circuit ground. The resulting floating potential,  $E_{FL}$ , of the output winding is less than 0.25 volt.



*Figure 4-2. Simplified schematic diagram of output circuit.*

#### **4.2.4 Power Supply.**

Power transformer, T501, is used to apply 25.5 v ac to a silicon-diode bridge-rectifier and filter circuit. The filtered dc output passes through a simple regulator circuit, made up of Q501, Q502, and CR505, a zener diode. The supply provides a low-impedance, ripple-free, 20-v dc source to power the oscillator circuitry. The hum level of the oscillator output is typically 90 db below rated output signal value.

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# Service and Maintenance—Section 5

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## WARNING

**Dangerous voltages are present inside the case of this instrument. For safety, do not remove instrument from its case. Refer all servicing to qualified personnel.**

### 5.1 GR FIELD SERVICE.

Our warranty (at the front of this manual) attests the quality of materials and workmanship in our products. When difficulties do occur, our service engineers will assist in any way possible. If the difficulty cannot be eliminated by use of the following service instructions, please write or phone the nearest GR service facility (see back page), giving full information of the trouble and of steps taken to remedy it. Describe the instrument by type, serial, and ID numbers. (Refer to front and rear panels.)

### 5.2 INSTRUMENT RETURN.

Before returning an instrument to General Radio for service, please ask our nearest office for a "Returned Material" number. Use of this number in correspondence and on a tag tied to the instrument will ensure proper handling and identification. After the initial warranty period, please avoid unnecessary delay by indicating how payment will be made, i.e., send a purchase-order number or (for transportation charges) request "C.O.D."

For return shipment, please use packaging that is adequate to protect the instrument from damage, i.e., equivalent to the original packaging. Advice may be obtained from any GR office.

### 5.3 MINIMUM PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.

The Type 1311 in normal operation should perform within the standards described in Table 5-1. Table 5-2 lists the test equipment required to check minimum performance. If the instrument does not meet minimum performance standards, refer to paragraph 5.6 for trouble analysis procedures.

### 5.4 INPUT POWER.

The input power at 115/230 volts 60 Hz normally should not exceed 7 watts no load and 30 watts with the terminals short-circuited and the OUTPUT control fully clockwise.



TABLE 5-1  
MINIMUM PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR TYPE 1311-A

TEST	FRE- QUENCY SWITCH POSITION	MAXIMUM OUTPUT SWITCH POSITION	OUTPUT CONTROL POSITION	Δf POSITION	LOAD	NORMAL INDICATION	IF INDICATION ABNORMAL
Frequency Accuracy	All	10 v	cw stop	0	None	Using frequency counter or meter, check that the frequency is within ±1% of nominal value.	Refer to para 5.6.
Δf Control	1 kHz	10 v	cw stop	-2%, 0, +2%	None	Using frequency counter or meter, check that frequency change is approximately plus and minus 2%.	Refer to para 5.6.
Output Voltage	1 kHz	10 v	cw stop	0	None	Using VTVM, check that output voltage is greater than that indicated by MAXIMUM OUTPUT Control.	Adjust by means of R129 (para 5.8.1).
Output Voltage	All	10 v	cw stop	0	None	Using VTVM, check that output voltage is greater than 10 volts.	Adjust by means of R129 (para 5.8.1).
OUTPUT Control	1 kHz	All		0	None	Using VTVM, check that output voltage can be adjusted by OUTPUT Control.	Refer to para 5.6.
Output Power	1 kHz	10 v	cw stop	0	Power Output Meter	Using Power Output Meter, check that output power is greater than 1.0 watt into some impedance near 25 Ω.	Adjust by means of R129 (para 5.8.1).
Output Distortion	50 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz	10 v	cw stop	0	(None) (25 Ω) (1 Ω)	Using Distortion Meter, check that distortion is less than 0.5%.	Refer to para 5.6.
Synchronization	1 kHz	10 v	cw stop	0	None	Apply 1-v, 1-kHz signal to J104. With oscilloscope at OUTPUT, vary ext.-oscillator freq. Type 1311 should remain locked over a 6% range (approx)	Refer to para 5.6.

**TABLE 5-2  
TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED**

Description	Recommended GR Type Numbers*
Frequency Counter	1191
Vacuum Tube Voltmeter	1806-A
Distortion and Noise Meter or Wave Analyzer	1932-A, or 1900-A
Output-Power Meter	1840-A
Variable-Frequency Audio Oscillator	1310
Oscilloscope	Laboratory quality, min bandwidth 1 kHz, min vert sensitivity 5 v/cm
Multimeter	Sensitivity 20,000 ohms/v

\*Or equivalent

### 5.5 REMOVAL OF COVER.

To remove the cover, loosen the two captive thumb screws on the rear of the case and pull straight back.

### 5.6 TROUBLE ANALYSIS.

Perform the following procedures to isolate defects causing instrument malfunction as indicated by paragraphs 5.3 and 5.4. See Figures 5-1 through 5-5 for circuit function and part location.

- a. Disconnect primary power and remove cover.
- b. Check fuse F502; replace if defective.
- c. Visually check detail parts inside instrument for obvious defects, such as broken leads or charred surfaces. Repair or replace, as necessary.
- d. Reapply primary power and, with multimeter, check for 25 v ac across anchor terminals AT501 and AT502.

#### CAUTION

Semiconductor elements can be damaged by transients resulting from the insertion of instrument probes. Always turn off the power before connecting any test equipment to other than the output terminals. Restore power when connection is made.

- e. Switch multimeter to dc scale and check voltages as indicated on Figure 5-2. For accessibility of test points on etched-circuit board, see Figure 5-5.

#### NOTE

Complete circuit is enclosed in a single dc feedback loop, so that failure of one component will probably cause all voltages to differ considerably from the values shown.

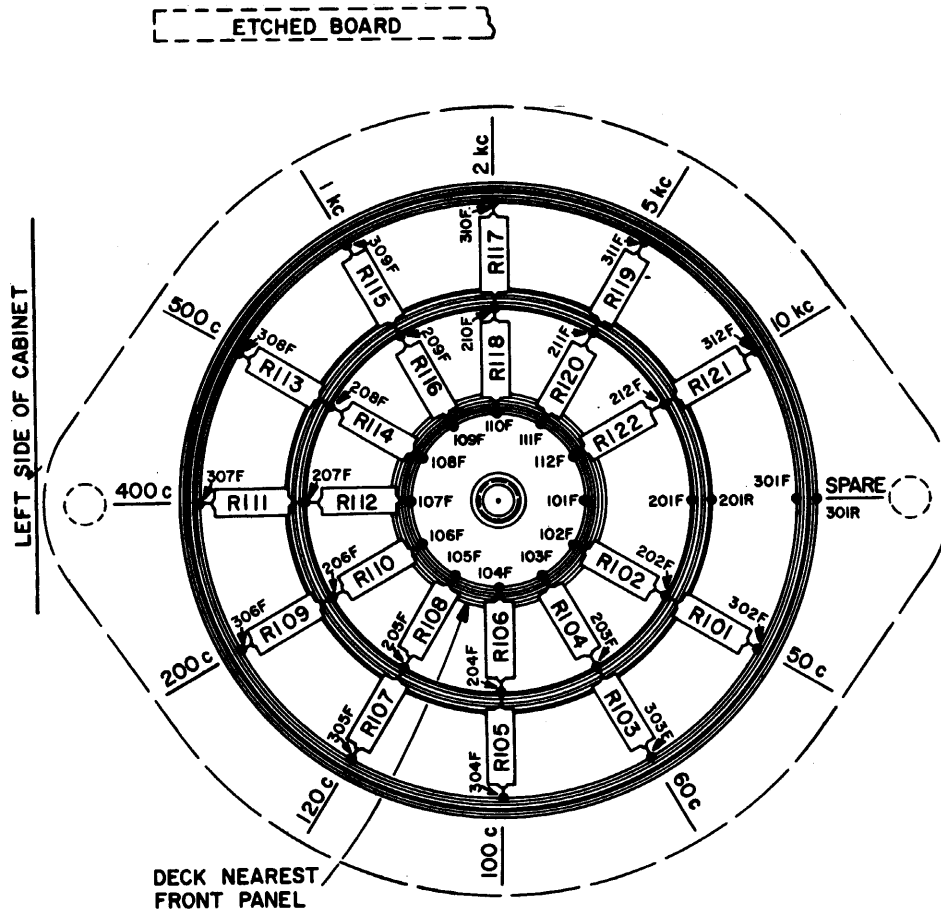


Figure 5-1. Wiring diagram for FREQUENCY switch S101 on the Type 1311-A.

**5.7 REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT.**

**5.7.1 General.**

Faulty parts should be removed and replaced by units meeting the description given in the Parts List at the end of this section.

**5.7.2 Semiconductors.**

Since the expected life of the semiconductor elements in the Type 1311 is comparable to that of other components, they are soldered into the circuit boards. As a general rule, it is much safer to determine the faulty semiconductors from over-all circuit test, rather than to remove them individually for testing.

**CAUTION**

Transistors are easily damaged by excessive heat; exercise care when unsoldering them.

### 5.7.3 Pilot Light.

The pilot light (P501) is operated well below its rated voltage. If a change is required, unscrew the red cap from the front of the panel and replace the light with a Mazda #44.

## 5.8 INTERNAL ADJUSTMENTS. (See Figures 5-2 through 5-5.)

### 5.8.1 Oscillator Level.

R129, a secondary control used to adjust oscillator power level, is a screw-driver-adjustable potentiometer mounted on the underside of the etched circuit at its inside edge. With the dust cover removed, it is accessible from the bottom of the instrument.

R129 should be set so that the no-load output voltage, as indicated by a VTVM across the OUTPUT terminals, is approximately 5% higher than the value indicated by the MAXIMUM OUTPUT switch, when the OUTPUT control is turned fully clockwise.

### 5.8.2 Oscillator Frequency.

Any frequency between 50 hertz and 10 kHz can be added to those provided on the Type 1311-A, by the installation of two precision resistors,  $R_F$ , whose values can be determined from the following relation:

$$R_F = 1.61 \times 10^3 \frac{(1 \text{ kHz})}{(f_{\text{kHz}})}$$

To utilize the twelfth position of the FREQUENCY selector switch, first calculate the value of the resistors required. For example, if a 600-Hz output is wanted, then

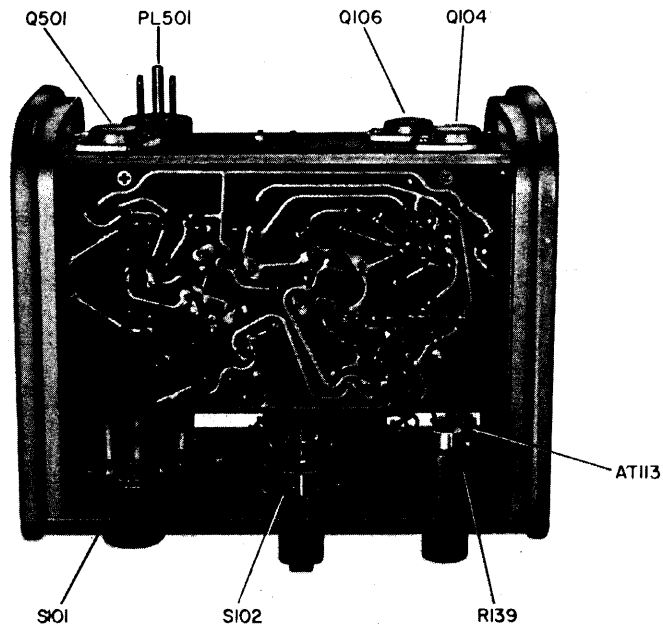
$$R_F = 1.61 \times 10^3 \frac{(1)}{(0.6)} = 2.68 \text{ kilohms.}$$

The resistors must be mounted on the FREQUENCY switch (S101). An unused position (between the 50-Hz and 10-kHz positions) is provided for this purpose. Before installing the resistors on S101, remove the jumper between contacts 101F and 201F. The contacts 101F, 201F, and 301F may be reached from the bottom of the instrument. See Figure 5-1 for switch details.

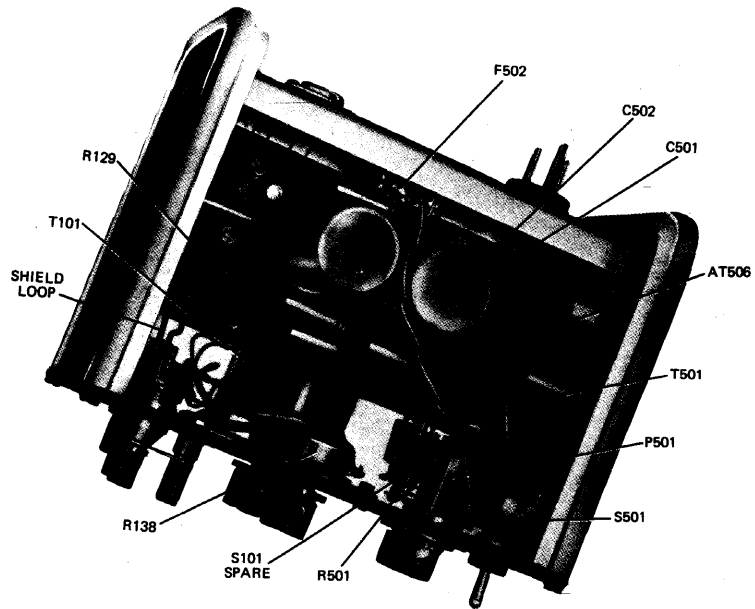
## 5.9 AC POWER CONVERSION.

### 5.9.1 General.

The Type 1311 is available from the factory wired either for use with inputs of 105 to 125 or 210 to 250, 50 to 400 Hz. However, if the user wishes to convert the instrument from one power option to the other, it is necessary merely to change wiring to the power-transformer input winding from power switch S501 and replace fuses.



*Figure 5-3. Top rear interior view.*



*Figure 5-4. Bottom rear interior view.*

## **WARNING**

**Pull the power cord from the receptacle before performing the following procedures.**

### **5.9.2 Transformer Wiring.**

Remove the dust cover and place the instrument upside down on the bench. The input transformer (T501) is mounted on the side wall.

For 115-volt operation, transformer leads 1 and 3 should connect to lug 5 on S501 and leads 2 and 4 to lug 6 on S501. For 230-volt operation, lead 1 connects to lug 5, lead 4 to lug 6, and leads 2 and 3 are joined at anchor terminal AT506.

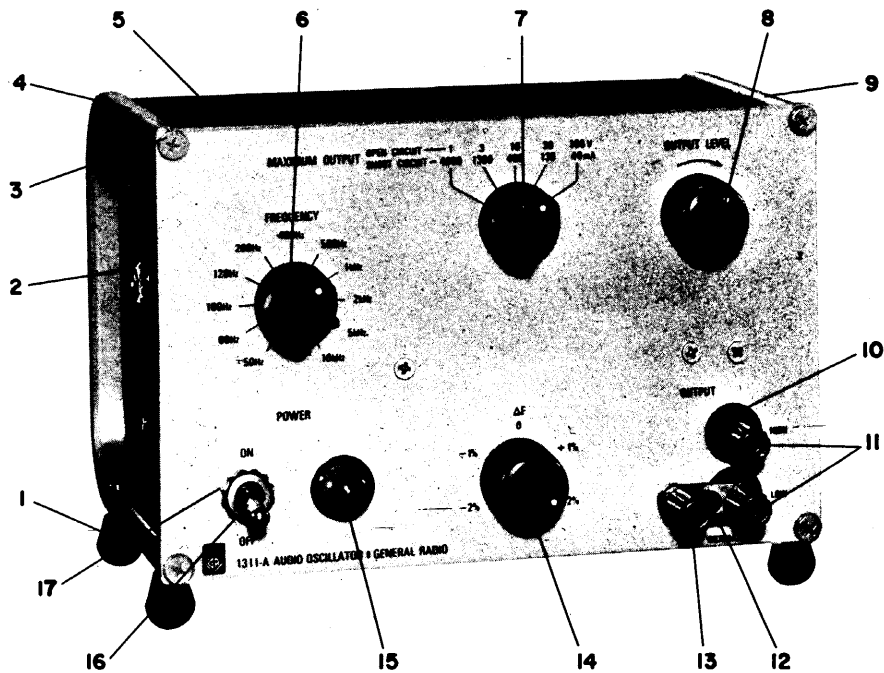
### **5.9.3 Fuses.**

A fuse, F502, mounted on the inside of the vertical panel at the top rear, protects the instrument from electrical overload. It is accessible from the bottom, also. For 115 v, use 0.3 amp fuses; and for 230 v, use 0.15 amp fuses.

### **5.10 KNOB REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION.**

To remove a knob, proceed as follows:

- a. Grasp knob firmly with fingers, close into panel and pull straight away from the panel.
- b. Observe position of bushing setscrew with respect to any panel markings, release setscrew and pull bushing off shaft. To install a knob, proceed as follows:
  - a. Mount bushing using paper as a shim.
  - b. Orient setscrew to markings noted when it was removed. Tighten setscrew. The shaft must not protrude through bushing.
  - c. Place knob on bushing with retention spring opposite setscrew.
  - d. Push knob in until it bottoms and pull it slightly to check spring retention. If knob-retention spring comes loose, reinstall it in interior notch with small slit in outer wall.



### MECHANICAL PARTS LIST

Figure Reference	Description	GR Part Number	Fed Mfg. Code	Mfg. Part No.
1	FOOT, rubber, soft, No. 10-32 top, 4 required	5260-0700	24655	5260-0700
2	NUT, dress, 3/8-32	5800-0805	24655	5800-0805
3	SCREW, Phillip-head with washer No. 10-32, 1/2-in., 4 required	7098-0160	24655	7098-0160
4	WASHER (between panel and end frame) metal, No. 10, 4 required	8100-1517	24655	8100-1517
4	END FRAME, left	5310-3065	24655	5310-3065
5	DUST COVER Assembly	4429-1500	24655	4429-1500
6, 7	KNOB (includes tension spring), bar, white dot and line	5500-5321	24655	5500-5321
	BUSHING (includes setscrew), metal	4143-3121	24655	4143-3121
	TENSION SPRING	5220-5402	24655	5220-5402
8, 14	KNOB (includes tension spring), skirted, white dot and line	5520-5321	24655	5520-5321
	BUSHING (includes setscrew), metal	4143-3121	24655	4143-3121
	TENSION SPRING	5220-5402	24655	5220-5402
	WASHER, metal, No. 1/4	8100-0400	24655	8100-0400
9	END FRAME, right	5310-3064	24655	5310-3064
10	INSULATOR, gray, 4 required	0938-7130	24655	0938-7130
11	BINDING POST ASM.	0938-3000	24655	0938-3000
12	SHORTING LINK, metal	5080-4800	24655	5080-4800
13	BINDING POST ASM.	0938-3022	24655	0938-3022
15	PILOT LAMP CAP, red	5620-0800	72619	95-935 Cap (Unfluted)
16	SWITCH, toggle, double-pole single-throw	7910-1300	04009	83053-SA
17	NUT, dress, 15/32-32	5800-0800	24655	5800-0800

FEDERAL SUPPLY CODE  
FOR MANUFACTURERS  
From Defense Logistics Agency Filiches  
H4-2 SB 708-42 GSA-FSS H4-2

Ref FMC Columns  
in Parts Lists

Code	Manufacturer	Code	Manufacturer	Code	Manufacturer	Code	Manufacturer
00126	McCoy Electric, Mt. Holly Springs, PA 17086	18606	Curtis Hammer, Milwaukee, WI 53202	56280	Sprague, North Adams, MA 01247	80894	Pure Carbon, St. Marys, PA 16857
00182	Johns Chi, Chicago, IL 60611	18782	Houston Inst., Dallas, TX 77401	57771	Stinson, Support, NY 11706	81030	Int'l Inst., Orange, CT 06477
00184	Nelson Electric, Los Angeles, CA 90018	18801	Farnell Electric, Framingham, MA 01701	58863	Superior Valve, Washington, PA 15081	81073	Grenville, LaGrange, IL 60526
00237	Wolyn Int'l., Westlake, OH 44146	18818	Sinclair & Ruth, St. Louis, MO 63111	58720	Thomas & Betts, Elizabeth, NJ 07207	81143	Indevco, Stirling, NJ 07960
00344	Schwab Electric, Westburg, NY 11580	18837	Spruce Pine Mfg., Spruce Pine, NC 28777	58875	TRW, Cleveland, OH 44117	81312	Winchester, Oakville, CT 06779
00366	Aerovox, New Bedford, MA 02746	18838	Invent Diebs, Jersey City, NJ 07304	60389	Torrington, Torrington, CT 06790	81348	Military Specifications
00779	AMP Inc., Marietta, GA 30066	18179	Omni Spectra, Farmington, MI 48024	61007	Townsend, Braintree, MA 02184	81350	Joint Army-Navy Specifications
01004	Adco Products, Brockton, MA 02301	18201	Australia, Linden, NJ 07036	61837	Union Carbide, New York, NY 10017	81483	Int'l Rectifier, El Segundo, CA 90245
01121	Allen Bradley, Milwaukee, WI 53204	18232	Codi, Fairport, NY 01740	61864	United Carr, Boston, MA	81493	Chicago Lock, Chicago, IL 60641
01265	Liton Ind., Beverly Hills, CA 90213	18248	Starling Int'l., New Hyde Park, NY 11040	62380	Victorian, Cleveland, OH 44104	81831	Fitron, Flushing, NY 11354
01281	TRW, Lawrenceville, GA 30043	18248	Indiana General, Dayton, OH 45408	62743	Wilson, New York, NY 10060	81840	Lake, Dayton, OH 45402
01295	T.I., Dallas, TX 75222	18278	Delco, Kokomo, IN 46901	65083	Westinghouse, Bloomfield, NJ 07003	81900	Bacry Wright, Westtown, MA 02172
01836	GE, Weymouth, VA 22980	18880	Precision Dynamics, Burbank, CA 91804	66092	Weston, Newark, NJ 07114	82219	Sylvania, Emporium, PA 16834
01850	Amerco, Rockford, IL 61101	18882	Amer Micro Device, Summerville, SC 29483	70108	Acushnet, New Bedford, MA 02742	82227	No. Amer. Philips, Cheshire, CT 06810
01863	Cherry Electric, Waukegan, IL 60086	17117	Electric Molding, Woonsocket, RI 02895	70109	Adams & Westlake, Elkhart, IN 46514	82273	IN Pattern Model, Lorton, VA 46390
02111	Spectral Electric, City of Industry, CA 91746	17540	Milbank Spring, Schiller Park, IL 60176	70617	Chrysler, Detroit, MI 48221	82289	Switchcraft, Chicago, IL 60630
02114	Fernoselec, Bensenville, IL 60157	17746	Angstrom Procs., Naperville, IL 60563	70688	United Carr, Boston, MA	82567	Rewe Hoffman, Carlisle, PA 17013
02808	Farnell Lab., Merion Grove, IL 60053	17771	Singer, Somerville, NJ 08876	70683	Amperis, Union City, NJ 07087	82647	Metals & Controls, Attleboro, MA 02703
02826	GE, Schenectady, NY 12307	17852	Zales, Concord, CA 94502	70811	Art-Les Switch, Westport, MA 02172	82807	Milwaukee Resistor, Milwaukee, WI 53204
02880	Amphenol, Broadview, IL 60153	17866	Siliconix, Santa Clara, CA 95054	70823	Beldco, Chicago, IL 60644	82877	Roton, Woodstock, NY 12498
02736	PCA, Somerville, NJ 08878	18324	Signetics, Sunnyvale, CA 94088	70823	Belden, Chicago, IL 60644	82901	IN General Mfg., Valerona, IN 46383
02768	Farris, Des Moines, IA 50316	18342	New Prod. Eng., Milford, IL 62562	71128	Brown, Beacon Falls, CT 06403	83003	Vari-Carload, TX 76040
02842	Carver Int'l., Cambridge, MA 02142	18877	Scania, El Monte, CA 91731	71279	Cambridge Thermionic, Cambridge, MA 02138	83014	Hartwell, Pleasanton, CA 92670
03068	GE, Syracuse, NY 13201	18736	Computer Diode, S. Fairport, NY 14736	71294	Canfield, Chilton Forge, VA 24422	83033	Messner, Mt. Carmel, IL 62863
03050	Vanguard Electric, Indianapolis, CA 93032	18796	Cipron, Burlington, CA 94010	71450	Canfield, Chilton Forge, VA 24422	83058	Carl Estator, Cambridge, MA 02142
03336	Grayburn, Vanhous, NY 10701	18811	Dursan, Westport, WI 53084	71450	CTS, Elkhart, IN 46514	83186	Victory Eng., Springfield, NJ 07081
03377	Transion Electric, Wakefield, MA 01880	18178	Zero, Monaca, MA 01907	71488	Clark, Chicago, IL 60645	83280	Perse Seal, Custer City, CA 90221
03386	KD, Fayetteville, Whipsaw, NY 07881	18208	GE, Galveston, FL 32901	71487	Centralab, Milwaukee, WI 53212	83330	H. Smith, Brooklyn, NY 11207
03811	Chalmers, New York, NY 10001	18273	Easton, Haverhill, MA 01830	71580	Centralab, Milwaukee, WI 53212	83381	Bearing Spclty, San Francisco, CA
04028	Arrow Hart, Hartford, CT 06108	18288	Niktron, Vienna, VA 22180	71585	Continental Carbon, New York, NY	83387	Solar Electric, Trenton, NJ 08646
04843	Digtronics, Alberton, NY 11907	18317	Cabrion, Chicago, IL 60622	71707	83814	Burroughs, Plainfield, NJ 07061	
04713	Motorola, Phoenix, AZ 85008	18844	LRC Electric, Homestead, NY 14846	71729	Crown Box, Philadelphia, PA 19134	83740	Union Carbide, New York, NY 10014
05018	Component Electronics, Philadelphia, MA 02270	18244	General Electric, Erie, PA 16512	71785	Chromalox, New York, NY 10964	83780	Chromalox, New York, NY 10964
05079	Transistor Electric, Bensington, VT 05201	20093	Elect Ind., Murray Hill, NJ 07874	71785	Cinch, Chicago, IL 60624	83781	National Electric, Geneva, IL 60137
05246	Corcon, Chicago, IL 60638	20154	KMC, Long Valley, NJ 07863	71823	Darnell, Downey, CA 90241	84411	TRW, Dallas, TX 75243
05276	ITT Electric, Boring, OR 97106	21286	Arfin Bearing, Chicago, IL 60650	72138	Electronic, Trenton, NJ 08622	84530	Lehigh Metals, Cambridge, MA 02140
05402	Controls Co. of Amer., Bloomington, IL 61801	21888	Raytheon, Norwood, MA 02062	72228	Continental Carbon, New York, NY	84670	Sarkis Trans, New Bedford, MA 01901
05416	Viking Ind., Philadelphia, CA 91311	21758	Lensa, Fishers, WI 53030	72298	Neontron, Berkeley, CA 94702	84711	TA Mfg., Los Angeles, CA 90039
05824	Barber Colman, Rockford, IL 61101	22028	Eng Electric, New Cumberland, PA 17070	72819	Omni-Flow, New York, NY 11211	84711	Kapco, Flushing, NY 11352
05748	Barnes Mfg., Mansfield, OH 44901	22589	Electro Space Fabricator, Toppan, PA 19082	72999	General Int'l., Newark, NJ 07104	84820	Payson Controls, Gurnee, IL 60031
05826	Maxfield Electric, Nashville, TN 37210	22826	IND Electric, Philadelphia, IL 62202	73128	Chicon, Chicago, IL 60624	84827	Perce Mfg. Prod., Westtown, MA 02180
05833	Fairchild, Tinley Park, IL 60477	23238	Westek, San Diego, CA 92112	72794	Dave Fastener, W. Islip, NY 11796	84884	RCA, Harrison, NJ 07029
05838	Truflow & Macton, Westbury, CT 06726	23342	Amvatic Electric, Franklin Park, IL 60131	72825	Eby, Philadelphia, PA 19140	84887	REC, New Rochelle, NY 10801
05896	Precision Motion, Bullis, CA 94010	23366	General Electric, Erie, PA 16512	72825	Electric Stop, New York, NY 10703	85003	TRC, Trenton, NJ 08646
05843	Chalmers, Cleveland, OH 44110	24361	Analogy Corp., Kew-Forest, NY 11487	72892	Erie, Erie, PA 16512	85140	Curtis Hammer, Milwaukee, WI 53202
05785	NLS Stamp, Cleveland, OH 44104	24365	Indus. Dynamics, Cambridge, MA 02142	72892	Empress Electric, Hicksville, NY 11801	85204	GTE Systems, Jewett, MA 01938
05816	Rheco Prec., Chicago, IL 60646	24444	General Services, Tampa, AZ 85281	72892	Electro Stop, New York, NY 10703	85219	Correll Dublier, Fogary Varina, NC 27526
05828	Tele-Tyline, Knix, Soland, CA 92075	24446	GE, Schenectady, NY 12305	73980	Eco Resistor, New York, NY	85419	Correll Dublier, Fogary Varina, NC 27526
05878	Aladdin Electric, Nashville, TN 37210	24465	GE, Cleveland, OH 44112	73980	JFD Electric, Brooklyn, NY 11219	85426	Potter & Brumfield, Union, NJ 47871
07047	Rose, Montgomery, PA 18966	24602	EMC Technology, Cherry Hill, NJ 08004	73987	Group-Pac, Ridgefield, NJ 07657	85482	Holtzer Cabot, Boston, MA 02119
07128	Digtron, Pasadena, CA 91106	24665	Int'l. Res. Control, Chicago, IL 60624	74181	Hickman, Trenton, NJ 08622	85482	Int'l. Transformer, Chicago, IL
07127	Espe Star, Boring, OR 97106	24756	Lensa, Fishers, WI 53030	74180	Quan Nichols, Chicago, IL 60637	85870	Bethany Corp., Indianapolis, IN 47401
07233	Cinch, Chicago, IL 60624	25028	Vestec, Erie, PA 16512	74448	Holo-Krome, Hartford, CT 06110	86024	Utility Cap., Indianapolis, IN 47401
07281	Amer. Culver City, CA 90230	25289	K&B, Bedford, MA 01720	74448	Hughes, Stratford, CT 06457	86024	Mallory, Inc., Torrington, CT 06790
07283	Fairchild, Mountain View, CA 96080	25801	Tri-County Tube, Nunda, NY 14817	74448	Industrial Choke, Chicago, IL 60618	90334	Gulton Ind., Methuen, NJ 09840
07387	Birther, N. Los Angeles, CA 90032	25805	Omni Spectra, Farmington, MI 48024	74448	Amphibious, Huntington, CT 06810	90760	Westinghouse, Philadelphia, PA 19102
07565	Amer. Semicond., New York, NY 10001	25806	American Zetec, Costa Mesa, CA 92626	74870	Johnson, Westport, MA 02180	90902	Hardware Prod., Reading, PA 19602
07580	Magnetic Core, Newburgh, NY 12560	25812	National, San Jose, CA 95051	75042	IRCI/TRI, Burlington, IA 52001	91022	Continental Wire, York, PA 17406
07707	USM Fastener, Chicago, CT 06844	25816	Herrford Universal Ball, Rocky Hill, CT 06067	75178	Lincoln, Providence, RI 02905	91146	General Int'l., Dallas, TX 75220
07828	Bodine, Bridgeton, NJ 08302	25840	HP, Palo Alto, CA 94304	75382	Kula, Mt. Vernon, NY 10561	91210	Garber, Milwaukee, WI 53204
07829	Bodine Electric, Chicago, IL 60618	25850	Hyman Mfg., Kenilworth, NJ 07033	75608	Linden, Providence, RI 02905	91263	Johnson, Bloomington, IL 61706
07910	Cort Devices, Hawthorne, CA 90230	25875	INC Magnetics, Rochester, NY 14626	75918	Littfuse, Oak Plains, IL 60018	91417	Harris, Marlborough, MA 01752
07953	State Lab., New York, NY 10003	25899	Hoffman Electric, El Monte, CA 91734	76005	Lord Mfg., Erie, PA 16512	91508	Asplur Bros., Attleboro, MA 02703
07989	Bell Electric, Chicago, IL 60622	26043	Solid State Device, Lumberton, CA 90826	76149	Mallory Electric, Detroit, MI 48204	91588	Dale Electric, Columbus, ME 68801
08524	Deutsch Farnmer, Los Angeles, CA 90046	30874	IBM, Armonk, NY 10504	76241	Meury, Chicago, IL 60618	91892	Elec. Willow Grove, PA 19090
08566	Bell Electric, Chicago, IL 60622	30886	Bachman Int'l., Costa Mesa, CA 92626	76281	3 M Co., St. Paul, MN 55101	91719	General Int'l., Dallas, TX 75220
08730	Yamaline Prod., Franklin Lakes, NJ 07417	31019	Solid State Scrite, Monticello, NY 14856	76386	Minor Rubber, Bloomfield, NJ 07003	91836	King Electric, Tuckahoe, NY 11223
08713	GE, Buffalo, NY 14220	31814	Standford Appad Eng., Costa Mesa, CA 92626	76847	Miller, Madera, MA 02146	91818	Maphisto Tool, Hudson, NY 12534
08853	Burgess Battery, Freeport, IL 61022	31814	Analog, Houston, TX 77058	76845	Muller, Erie, Cleveland, OH 44114	91929	Honeywell, Freeport, IL 61022
08866	Farnell Electric, Framingham, MA 01701	31851	Trivix, Pittsburgh, PA 15231	76884	National Tube, Pittsburgh, PA	92619	Electra Int'l., Woodside, NY 11377
08822	Burnly, Morristown, CT 06852	32001	Jensen, Chicago, IL 60638	76884	Oak Ind., Crystal Lake, IL 60014	92678	Edgerton Germannshaw, Boston, MA 02116
10026	Cleaveland Prod., Linden, NJ 07036	32096	Spectrum Control, Fairport, NY 14745	77132	Dot Farnmer, Westbury, NY 07090	92728	Amperis, Union City, CA 94083
10388	Chicago Switch, Chicago, IL 60647	33173	GE, Owen Sound, KY 42301	77147	Paton McCoy, Providence, RI 02905	92868	Westinghouse, Philadelphia, PA 19102
11228	CTS of Boro, Boro, NJ 48711	34141	Kushler, Marlboro, MA 01752	77186	Pierce Roberts Rubber, Trenton, NJ 08638	93332	Sylvania, Woburn, MA 01801
11980	Chandler Evans, W. Hartford, CT 06101	34156	Silicon Corp., Westminister, CA 92683	77315	Patt Bros., Westbury, CT 06720	93346	Amer. Electric Lab., Lansdale, PA 19446
11883	Natronics, Minneapolis, MN 55427	34335	Advanced Micro Device, Sunnyvale, CA 94088	77330	Palms Lockwasher, Newark, NJ	93818	RBC Mfg., Ramsey, PA 18871
12040	Nelson, Santa Clara, CA 95051	34499	Int'l. Santa Clara, CA 95051	77342	AMP, Princeton, NJ 47870	93818	Cramer, New York, NY 10013
12048	Electric Translators, Flushing, NY 11354	34677	Striford Design, Jettie, FL 33488	77842	Ray-Cast, Madison, NJ 05703	94164	Fairchem, Danbury, MA 01919
12468	Tele-Tyline, Mountain View, CA 96043	35629	Comvants, Montreal, QUE, CAN	77830	TRW, Camden, NJ 08103	94184	Wagner Electric, Livingston, NJ 07039
12817	Hemlin, Lake Mills, WI 53561	38462	National Ltd., Montreal, QUE, CAN	77838	General Int'l., Brooklyn, NY 11211	94271	Western Archibald, PA 18402
12872	RCA, Woodbridge, NJ 07095	37942	Mallory, Indianapolis, IN 46208	78186	Shalopoff, Signs, IL 60120	94322	Tel. Lab., Machewee, NJ 03102
12886	Microstate, City of Industry, CA 91744	38443	Marlin Rockwell, Jamestown, NY 14701	78277	Sigma Int'l., Braintree, MA 02184	94680	Dickson, Chicago, IL 60619
12884	Dickson Electric, Scottsdale, AZ 85262	38717	McGill Mfg., Valparaiso, IN 46033	78428	Arco Sover, St. Marys, PA 15867	94800	Hopcroft, Chicago, IL 60630
12896	Litronic, Westport, MA 02172	40631	National, Minneapolis, MN 55408	78428	Sackville, St. Marys, PA 15867	94800	Alta Ind., Brooklyn, NY 11218
13094	Electrocraft, Hopkins, MN 55343	42180	Muar, Chicago, IL 60638	78583	Tinnerman, Cleveland, OH	95078	Gardle, Cumberland, RI 02884
13103	Thermadyne, Dallas, TX 75224	42448	National, Melrose, MA 02118	78711	Thermadyne, Huntington, NY 11743	95121	Quality Comp., St. Marys, PA 15857
13146	Vogel Int'l., Richmond Hill, NY 11418	43334	New Device-Part., Sandusky, OH 44870	78789	RCA, Harrison, NJ 07029	95148	Alco Electric, Lawrence, MA 01843
13180	Vermilion, Laconia, NH 03248	43891	Norma Hoffman, Stanton, CT 06904	78138	Walde Kohlior, New York, NY 11101	95228	Continental Carbon, New York, NY 10014
13237	Solltron Devices, Tappan, NY 10983	46871	RCA, New York, NY 10020	78987	Western Rubber, Coates, IN 46030	95348	Gordon, Bloomfield, NJ 07003
13716	Fairchild, San Rafael, CA 94903	46866	Raytheon, Westham, MA 02154	79725	Wirmold, Hartford, CT 06110	95354	Methade, Rolling Meadows, IL 60008
13819	Burr Brown, Tucson, AZ 85708	50288	Marx, Carrollton, TX 75008	79727	Continental Wire, Philadelphia, PA 19101	95784	Amer. Brass, Torrington, CT 06790
14010	Andes Int'l., Van Nuys, CA 91410	50101	GHZ Devices, S. Chelmsford, MA 01824	79883	Zieric, Mt. Kisco, NY 10549	95887	Westchester, Chicago, IL 60646
14185	Electric Control, Wilton, CT 06897	50522	Monosano, Palo Alto, CA 94304	80009	Tektronix, Beaverton, OR 97005	95906	Compco, HI, Glen Cove, NY 11542
14186	American Lab., Fullerton, CA 92634	50721	Datic Systems, Burlington, MA 01801	80048	Vickers, St. Louis, MO 63186	95908	Military Standards
14332	Raiton, Arcadia, CA 91006	51167	Arve Electric, Franchtown, PA 18825	80152	Lambic, Melville, NY 11746	95921	Linemaster Seltzer, Woodstock, CT 06081
14433	ITT, Mt. Plain						



**ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST**  
**CHASSIS MOUNTED PARTS**

REFDES	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	FMC	MFR	PART NUMBER
C 136	CAP CER DISC 2200PF 10PCT 500V	4406-2228	72982	0871082Z5D00222J	
C 501	CAP CER DISC 3300PF 10PCT 500V	4406-2339	72982	0801082Z5U00332Z	
C 502	CAP CER DISC 3300PF 10PCT 500V	4406-2339	72982	0801082Z5U00332Z	
F 501	FUSE SLO-BLOW 3/10A 250V	5330-0800	75915	313 .300	
F 502	FUSE SLO-BLOW 3/10A 250V	5330-0800	75915	313 .300	
J 101	BINDING POST ASM	0938-3000	24655	0938-3000	
J 102	BINDING POST ASM	0938-3000	24655	0938-3000	
J 173	BINDING POST ASM	0938-3022	24655	0938-3022	
J 104	PHONE GND .281L 2 CKT	4260-1030	82389	111	
P 531	LAMP BAYONET BASE 6.3V	5600-0700	71744	44	
PL 501	RECEPTACLE POWER IEC STD 6A 250V	4240-0210	24655	4240-0210	
Q 104	TRANSISTOR 2N176	8210-1760	04713	2N176	
Q 106	TRANSISTOR 2N176	8210-1760	04713	2N176	
Q 501	TRANSISTOR 2N1540	8210-1540	04713	2N1540	
R 101	RES FLM 32K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2320	81349	RN60D3202D	
R 102	RES FLM 32K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2320	81349	RN60D3202D	
R 103	RES FLM 26.7K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2267	81349	RN60D2672D	
R 104	RES FLM 26.7K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2267	81349	RN60D2672D	
R 105	RES FLM 16K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2160	81349	RN60D1602D	
R 106	RES FLM 16K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2160	81349	RN60D1602D	
R 107	RES FLM 13.3K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2133	81349	RN60D1332D	
R 108	RES FLM 13.3K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-2133	81349	RN60D1332D	
R 109	RES FLM 8K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1800	81349	RN60D8001D	
R 110	RES FLM 8K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1800	81349	RN60D8001D	
R 111	RES FLM 4K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1400	81349	RN60D4001D	
R 112	RES FLM 4K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1400	81349	RN60D4001D	
R 113	RES FLM 3.2K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1320	81349	RN60D3201D	
R 114	RES FLM 3.2K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1320	81349	RN60D3201D	
R 115	RES FLM 1.6K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1160	81349	RN60D1601D	
R 116	RES FLM 1.6K 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-1160	81349	RN60D1601D	
R 117	RES FLM 800 OHM 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-0800	81349	RN60D8000D	
R 118	RES FLM 800 OHM 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-0800	81349	RN60D8000D	
R 119	RES FLM 320 OHM 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-0320	81349	RN60D3200D	
R 120	RES FLM 320 OHM 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-0320	81349	RN60D3200D	
R 121	RES FLM 160 OHM 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-0160	81349	RN60D1600D	
R 122	RES FLM 160 OHM 1/2 PCT 1/4W	6351-0160	81349	RN60D1600D	
R 138	POT COMP KNOB 250 OHM 10 PCT LIN	6000-0108	01121	JAIN056S251UZ	
R 139	POTENTIOMETER	0971-3905	24655	0971-3905	
R 141	RES COMP 150 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-1155	81349	RCR20G151J	
R 504	RES COMP 2.2 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-2225	81349	RCR20G222J	
R 505	RES MW MOLDED .47 OHM 10 PCT 2W	6760-8479	75042	BWH 0.47 OHM 10PCT	
R 506	RES MW MOLDED .47 OHM 10 PCT 2W	6760-8479	75042	BWH 0.47 OHM 10PCT	
S 101	SWITCH ROTARY ASM	7890-3100	24655	7890-3100	
S 102	SWITCH ROTARY ASM	7890-3110	24655	7890-3110	
S 501	SWITCH TOGGLE 2POS DPST STEADY	7910-1300	04009	83053	
T 101	TRANSFORMER OUTPUT	0745-4250	24655	0745-4250	
T 501	TRANSFORMER POWER	0745-4240	24655	0745-4240	

## ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

PC BOARD ASM P/N 1311-2701

REFDES	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	FNC	MFGR	PART NUMBER
C 101	CAP MYLAR .1UF 1 PCT 100V	4860-8249	56289	410P	0.1 UF 1PCT
C 102	CAP ALUM 100 UF 15V	4450-2800	56289	30D107G015	
C 103	CAP MYLAR .1UF 1 PCT 100V	4860-8249	56289	410P	0.1 UF 1PCT
C 104	CAP CER DISC 1500PF 10PCT 500V	4406-2158	72982	081108225F00152K	
C 105	CAP ALUM 1500-750-750 UF 25V	4450-0700	56289	60D	25V
C 107	CAP CER DISC 680PF 5PCT 500V	4404-1685	72982	083108225D00680J	
C 108	CAP MYLAR .033UF 10 PCT 100V	4860-7865	56289	410P	.033 UF 10PCT
C 109	CAP ALUM 100 UF 15V	4450-2800	56289	30D107G015	
C 110	CAP ALUM 100 UF 15V	4450-2800	56289	30D107G015	
C 111	CAP MICA 3300PF 10PCT 500V	4570-1333	72136	DM20FD332K04CR	
C 112	CAP ALUM 5 UF 50V	4450-3900	56289	30D505G050	
C 113	CAP CER DISC 1000PF 80/20PCT 500	4404-2109	72982	083108225U00122Z	
C 503	CAP ALUM 450-225-225 UF 100V	4450-4000	56289	60D	100V
CR 501	DIODE RECTIFIER 1N4003	6081-1001	14433	1N4003	
CR 502	DIODE RECTIFIER 1N4003	6081-1001	14433	1N4003	
CR 503	DIODE RECTIFIER 1N4003	6081-1001	14433	1N4003	
CR 504	DIODE RECTIFIER 1N4003	6081-1001	14433	1N4003	
CR 505	ZENER 1N9698 22V 5PCT .4W	6083-1058	14433	1N9698	
Q 101	TRANSISTOR 2N1304	8210-1304	01295	2N1304	
Q 102	TRANSISTOR 2N1305	8210-1305	01295	2N1305	
Q 103	TRANSISTOR 2N1304	8210-1304	01295	2N1304	
Q 105	TRANSISTOR 2N1305	8210-1305	01295	2N1305	
Q 502	TRANSISTOR 2N3903	8210-1132	04713	2N3903	
R 123	RES COMP 11 K OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-3115	81349	RCR20G113J	
R 124	RES COMP 10 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-3105	81349	RCR20G103J	
R 125	RES COMP 33 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-3335	81349	RCR20G333J	
R 126	RES COMP 220 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-1225	81349	RCR20G221J	
R 127	RES COMP 150 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-1155	81349	RCR20G151J	
R 128	THERMISTOR 30K OHM 25PCT	6740-1472	15801	G8-43V1	
R 129	POT COMP TRM 250 OHM 20PCT 1T	6040-0200	01121	YR 251M	
R 130	RES COMP 10 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-3105	81349	RCR20G103J	
R 131	RES COMP 6.8 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-2685	81349	RCR20G682J	
R 132	RES COMP 10 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-0105	81349	RCR20G100J	
R 133	RES COMP 680 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-1685	81349	RCR20G681J	
R 134	RES COMP 24 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-0245	81349	RCR20G240J	
R 135	RES COMP 1.0 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-2105	81349	RCR20G102J	
R 136	RES COMP 2.2 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-2225	81349	RCR20G222J	
R 137	RES COMP 24 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-0245	81349	RCR20G240J	
R 140	RES COMP 4.7 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-2475	81349	RCR20G472J	
R 502	RES COMP 47 OHM 5PCT 1/2W	6100-0475	81349	RCR20G470J	
R 503	RES COMP 2.2 K 5PCT 1/2W	6100-2225	81349	RCR20G222J	

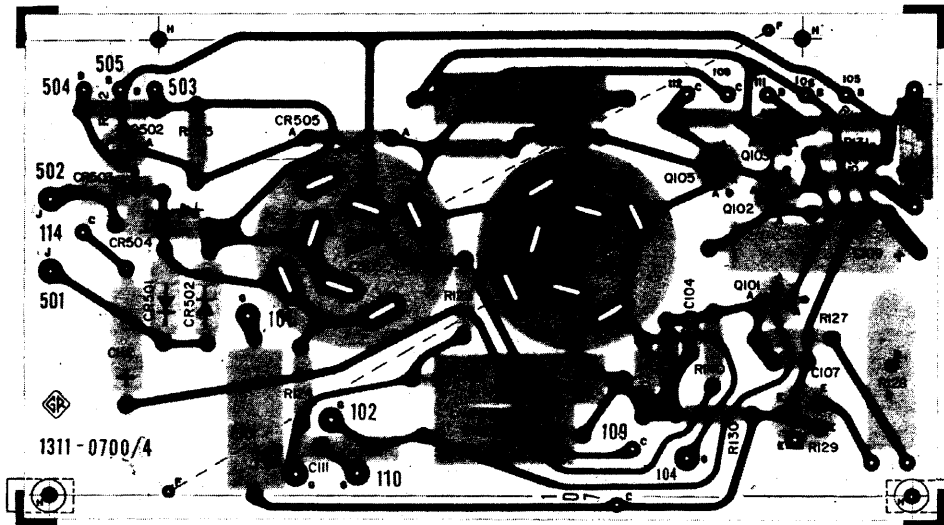


Figure 5-5. Etched circuit board (P/N 1311-2701).

**NOTE:** The number appearing on the foil side is not the part number.  
The dot on the foil at the transistor socket indicates the collector lead.



